# Algebra I EOC Practice \#3 

SPI 3102.1.3 Apply properties to evaluate expressions, simplify expressions, and justify solutions to problems.

1. Simplify: $3(x-2 y)+7(x+3 y)-3 y$
A. $4 x-30 y$
B. $10 x+12 y$
C. $-6 x+12 y$
D. $7 x-10 y$
2. Simplify: $-4(2 x-3 y)+4 x-2(x+6)$
A. $-6 x$
B. $-6 x+24 y$
C. $12 y-12$
D. $-6 x+12 y-12$
3. If $x=-2, y=5$, and $z=3$, evaluate the following expression.
$x^{4}-5 y+2(x-z)^{2}$
A. 50
B. -41
C. 41
D. 63
4. Simplify: $5 x^{6}\left(2 x^{4}-x^{3}+7 x^{2}-4 x\right)$
A. $10 x^{10}-5 x^{9}+35 x^{8}-20 x^{7}$
B. $10 x^{24}-5 x^{18}+35 x^{12}-20 x^{6}$
C. $7 x^{24}-4 x^{18}+12 x^{12}+x^{6}$
D. $20 x^{34}$
5. If $x=-4$ and $y=8$, evaluate the following expression.
$\frac{x^{2}}{2}+3 y^{3}$
A. 1544
B. -1500
C. -200
D. 1540
6. Identify the property used to simplify the following expression.
$3(x-7)=3 x-21$
A. Associative Property of Addition
B. Commutative Property of Addition
C. Distributive Property
D. Identity Property of Addition
7. What is the value of the expression when $x=6$ and $y=-4$ ?
$8 x y^{2}-5 x^{2}$
A. -948
B. 588
C. 324
D. 36,864
8. David wants to buy a new bicycle that cost $\$ 295$ before a $40 \%$ discount. He finds the cost after the discount, in dollars, by evaluating 295 - 295(0.40). His brother Michael finds the same cost by evaluating 295(1-0.40). What property can be used to justify that these two expressions represent the same cost after the discount?
A. associative property
B. commutative property
C. distributive property
D. subtraction property of equality
