#### NAME

### **The Distributive Property** (Pages 26–31) 1-5

A **term** is a number, a variable, or a product or quotient of numbers and variables. Some examples of terms are  $x^2$  and 3y. The expression 3a + 5 has two terms. **Like terms** are terms that contain the same variable, with corresponding variables having the same power. For example,  $2x^2$  and  $7x^2$ are like terms, but  $4b^2$  and 2b are not. The expressions 8g + 4g and 12gare **equivalent expressions** because they denote the same number. An expression is in **simplest form** when it is replaced by an equivalent expression having no like terms and no parentheses. The **coefficient** of a term is the numerical factor. For example, in 8g, 8 is the coefficient. You can use these facts plus the **Distributive Property** to simplify expressions.

	For any numbers <i>a</i> , <i>b</i> , and <i>c</i> ,
Distributive Property	a(b + c) = ab + ac and $(b + c)a = ba + ca;a(b - c) = ab - ac$ and $(b - c)a = ba - ca.$
	a(b - c) = ab - ac and $(b - c)a = ba - ca$ .

## Examples

a. Rewrite 7(2x + 3) without parentheses. Use the Distributive Property.

7(2x + 3) = 14x + 21The expression 14x + 21 is in simplest form because it has no parentheses and no like terms.

# b. Simplify the expression $3x^2 + 2x + 3x^2 + 3x^$ $6x + x^2$ .

Group and combine like terms using the Distributive Property.

 $3x^2 + 2x + 6x + x^2$ 

 $= 3x^2 + x^2 + 2x + 6x$ Rearrange the terms.  $= (3 + 1)x^2 + (2 + 6)x$ Remember,  $x^2 = 1x^2$ .  $= 4x^2 + 8x$ Simplify.

## Practice

Use the distributive property to rewrite each expression without parentheses.

<b>1.</b> $3(a + 4)$	<b>2.</b> $2(x + 3)$	<b>3.</b> $(h-5)6$
<b>4.</b> $-3(b+f)$	<b>5.</b> $x(2 + y)$	<b>6.</b> $a(b + c)$

Simplify each expression, if possible. If not possible, write in simplest form.

<b>7.</b> $4x + 2x$	8. $6a + 3b$	<b>9.</b> $12xy + 4xy$
<b>10.</b> $11m + 7m^2 + 5m^2$	<b>11.</b> $10b + 6b^2 + 4b^3$	<b>12.</b> $27x^2 - 18x^2$
<b>13.</b> $15b^3 + 10b + 20b^3$	14. $2x^2 + 2x^2$	<b>15.</b> $3y^4 - 9y^5 + 15y^4 + 3y^6$

- **16. Mental Math** How would you use the Distributive Property to find the product of 6 and 104 mentally? Show your steps.
- **17.** Standardized Test Practice Use the Distributive Property to rewrite the expression 2(m + 4h + 2a) without using parentheses. **A** 2m + 4h + 2a**B** 2m + 8h + 4a**C**  $m + 4h^2 + 4a$ **D** 4m + 4h + 4a

**16.** 6(100 + 4) = 600 + 24 = 624 **17.** B  $9y^{5} + 3y^{6} - 9y^{5} + 3y^{6}$  **13.**  $9x^{2} + 3x^{2}$  **13.**  $36x^{3} + 40b$  **14.**  $4x^{2}$  **15.**  $18y^{4} - 9y^{5} + 3y^{6}$