$\qquad$ PERIOD $\qquad$

## 1-5 The Distributive Property

A term is a number, a variable, or a product or quotient of numbers and variables. Some examples of terms are $x^{2}$ and $3 y$. The expression $3 a+5$ has two terms. Like terms are terms that contain the same variable, with corresponding variables having the same power. For example, $2 x^{2}$ and $7 x^{2}$ are like terms, but $4 b^{2}$ and $2 b$ are not. The expressions $8 g+4 g$ and $12 g$ are equivalent expressions because they denote the same number. An expression is in simplest form when it is replaced by an equivalent expression having no like terms and no parentheses. The coefficient of a term is the numerical factor. For example, in $8 g, 8$ is the coefficient. You can use these facts plus the Distributive Property to simplify expressions.

| Distributive Property | For any numbers $a, b$, and $c$, <br> $a(b+c)=a b+a c$ and $(b+c) a=b a+c a ;$ <br> $a(b-c)=a b-a c$ and $(b-c) a=b a-c a$. |
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## Examples



## Practice

Use the distributive property to rewrite each expression without parentheses.

1. $3(a+4)$
2. $2(x+3)$
3. $(h-5) 6$
4. $-3(b+f)$
5. $x(2+y)$
6. $a(b+c)$

Simplify each expression, if possible. If not possible, write in simplest form.
7. $4 x+2 x$
8. $6 a+3 b$
9. $12 x y+4 x y$
10. $11 m+7 m^{2}+5 m^{2}$
11. $10 b+6 b^{2}+4 b^{3}$
12. $27 x^{2}-18 x^{2}$
13. $15 b^{3}+10 b+20 b^{3}$
14. $2 x^{2}+2 x^{2}$
15. $3 y^{4}-9 y^{5}+15 y^{4}+3 y^{6}$
16. Mental Math How would you use the Distributive Property to find the product of 6 and 104 mentally? Show your steps.
17. Standardized Test Practice Use the Distributive Property to rewrite the expression $2(m+4 h+2 a)$ without using parentheses.
A $2 m+4 h+2 a$
B $2 m+8 h+4 a$
C $m+4 h^{2}+4 a$
D $4 m+4 h+4 a$

