## **Algebra I EOC Practice #19**

## SPI 3102.3.10: Find the solution of a quadratic equation and/or zeros of a quadratic function.

1. Which values of x make the equation true?

$$x^2 + 4x - 21 = 0$$

- A. -3 and 7
- B. -7 and 3
- C. 3 and 7
- D. -7 and -3
- 2. Solve  $x^2 3 = 8x 19$ 
  - A. -4
  - B. -2
  - C. 2
  - D 4
- 3. Solve  $x^2 6x + 3 = 0$ 
  - A.  $9 \pm \sqrt{3}$
  - B.  $3 \pm \sqrt{3}$
  - C.  $3 \pm \sqrt{6}$
  - D.  $6 \pm \sqrt{6}$
- 4. Which values of x make the equation true?

$$x^2 - 10x + 15 = 3x - 15$$

- A. 3 and 10
- B. -3 and -10
- C. 5 and 6
- D. -5 and -6

5. Which values of x make the equation true?

$$2x^2 + 11x - 21 = 0$$

- A. 7 and –3
- B.  $-\frac{3}{2}$  and 7
- C. -3 and 7
- D. -7 and  $\frac{3}{2}$
- 6. Solve  $x^2 + 3 = 4x + 35$ 
  - A. 7 and -5
  - B. -7 and 5
  - C. 8 and -4
  - D. -8 and 4
- 7. Solve  $x^2 + 10x + 15 = 0$ .
  - A.  $-5 \pm \sqrt{35}$
  - B.  $5 \pm \sqrt{10}$
  - C.  $-10 \pm \sqrt{5}$
  - D.  $-5 \pm \sqrt{10}$
- 8. Which value of x makes the equation true?

$$3x^2 + 14x + 5 = 0$$

- A.  $-5 \text{ and } -\frac{1}{3}$
- B. 5 and  $\frac{1}{3}$
- C. -3 and -5
- D. 3 and 5