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## 4-7 Arithmetic Sequences (Pages 233-238)

An arithmetic sequence is a set of numbers in a specific order whose difference between successive terms is constant. Any number in the set is a term. To move from one term to the next term a constant number must be added to the previous term. For example, $3,6,9,12, \ldots$ is an arithmetic sequence because to progress from one term to the next, like 6 to 9 , you must add a constant number, 3 , to the previous term. In this example, 3 is called the common difference. Therefore, an arithmetic sequence can be found with $a_{1}, a_{1}+d, a_{2}+d, a_{3}+d, \ldots$ where $a_{1}$ is the first term of the sequence and $d$ is the common difference. To calculate the $n$th term of an arithmetic sequence, you can use the formula $a_{n}=a_{1}+(n-1) d$.

## Examples

a. Find the next three terms of the arithmetic sequence $0,9,18,27, \ldots$

| $9-0=9$ | Find the common |
| :---: | :--- |
| $18-9=9$ | difference by subtracting |
| $27-18=9$ | successive terms. |
| $27+9=36$ | Add the common |
| $36+9=45$ | difference to the next |
| $45+9=54$ | three terms. |

The next three terms are 36, 45, and 54.
b. Find the 7th term of the arithmetic sequence $10,23,36, \ldots$
\(\left.\begin{array}{ll}23-10=13 \& Find the common <br>

36-23=13 \& difference. d=13\end{array}\right]\)|  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $a_{n}=a_{1}+(n-1) d$ | Use the formula. |
| $a_{7}=10+(7-1) 13$ | Substitute. |
| $a_{7}=10+6 \cdot 13$ | Evaluate by the |
| $a_{7}=10+78$ | order of operations. |
| $a_{7}=88$ |  |

$36-23=13 \quad$ difference. $d=13$
$a_{n}=a_{1}+(n-1) d \quad$ Use the formula.
$a_{7}=10+(7-1) 13 \quad$ Substitute.
$a_{7}=10+6 \cdot 13 \quad$ Evaluate by the
$a_{7}=10+78 \quad$ order of operations.
$a_{7}=88$

## Practice

Find the next three terms of each arithmetic sequence.

1. $1, \frac{1}{2}, 0, \frac{-1}{2}, \ldots$
2. $13,30,47,64, \ldots$
3. $102,94,86,78, \ldots$
4. $4,8,12,16, \ldots$
5. $7, \frac{25}{4}, \frac{11}{2}, \frac{19}{4}, \ldots$
6. $13,11,9,7, \ldots$
7. $-1,-7,-13,-19, \ldots$
8. $-1,2,5,8, \ldots$
9. Standardized Test Practice Which of the following is the 24th term of the arithmetic sequence $3,-2,-7,-12, \ldots$ ?
A -62
B -92
C -112
D -162

